



October 23, 2021









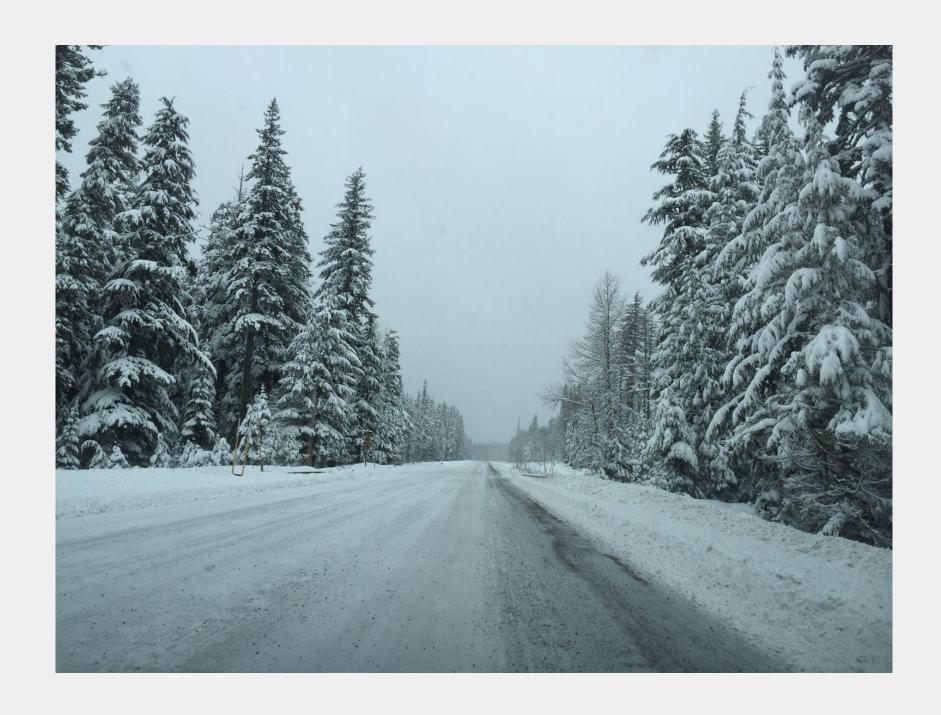






KEY POINTS

- La Niña conditions have developed as of mid-October 2021
- ~87% confidence in La Niña Conditions persisting Dec 2021 through Feb 2022
- Second consecutive winter with La Niña conditions
- NWS Climate Prediction Center (CPC) forecasts higher than normal probabilities (but not a assured) for:
 - a. a Wetter than Normal Fall 2021
 - b. a Cooler and Wetter than normal Winter





WHAT IS ENSO?

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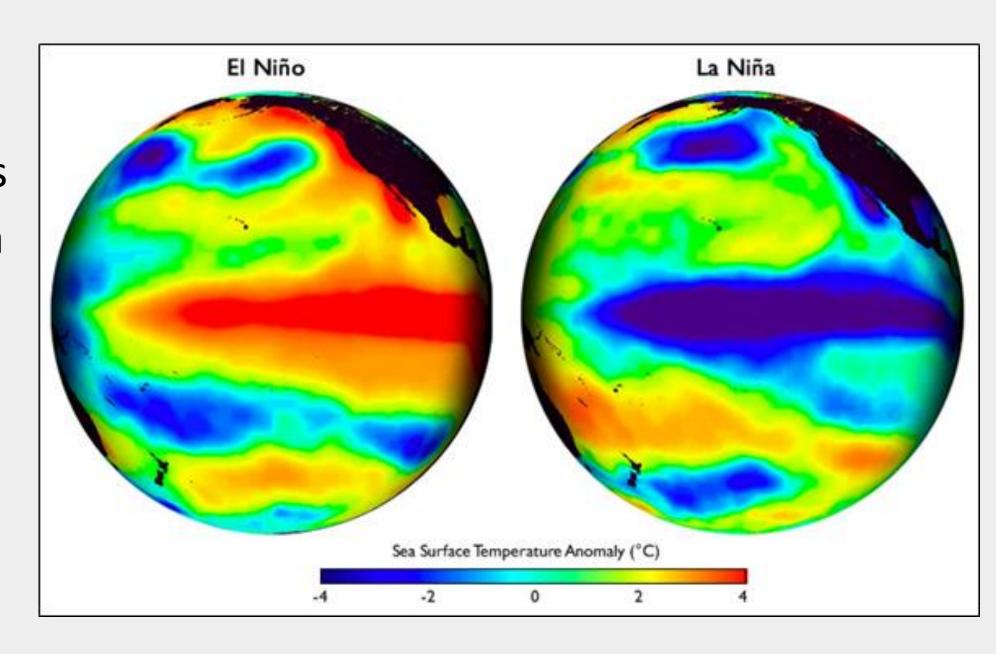








El Niño and the Southern
Oscillation, commonly referred to as ENSO, is a periodic fluctuation in sea surface temperature (SST) and the overlying atmosphere across the equatorial Pacific Ocean.



ENSO has three possible phases:

- ENSO-neutral (near-normal water temps across the equatorial Pacific)
- La Niña (relatively cool water across the equatorial Pacific above right)
- El Niño (relatively warm water across the equatorial Pacific above left)







ENSO Occurrence





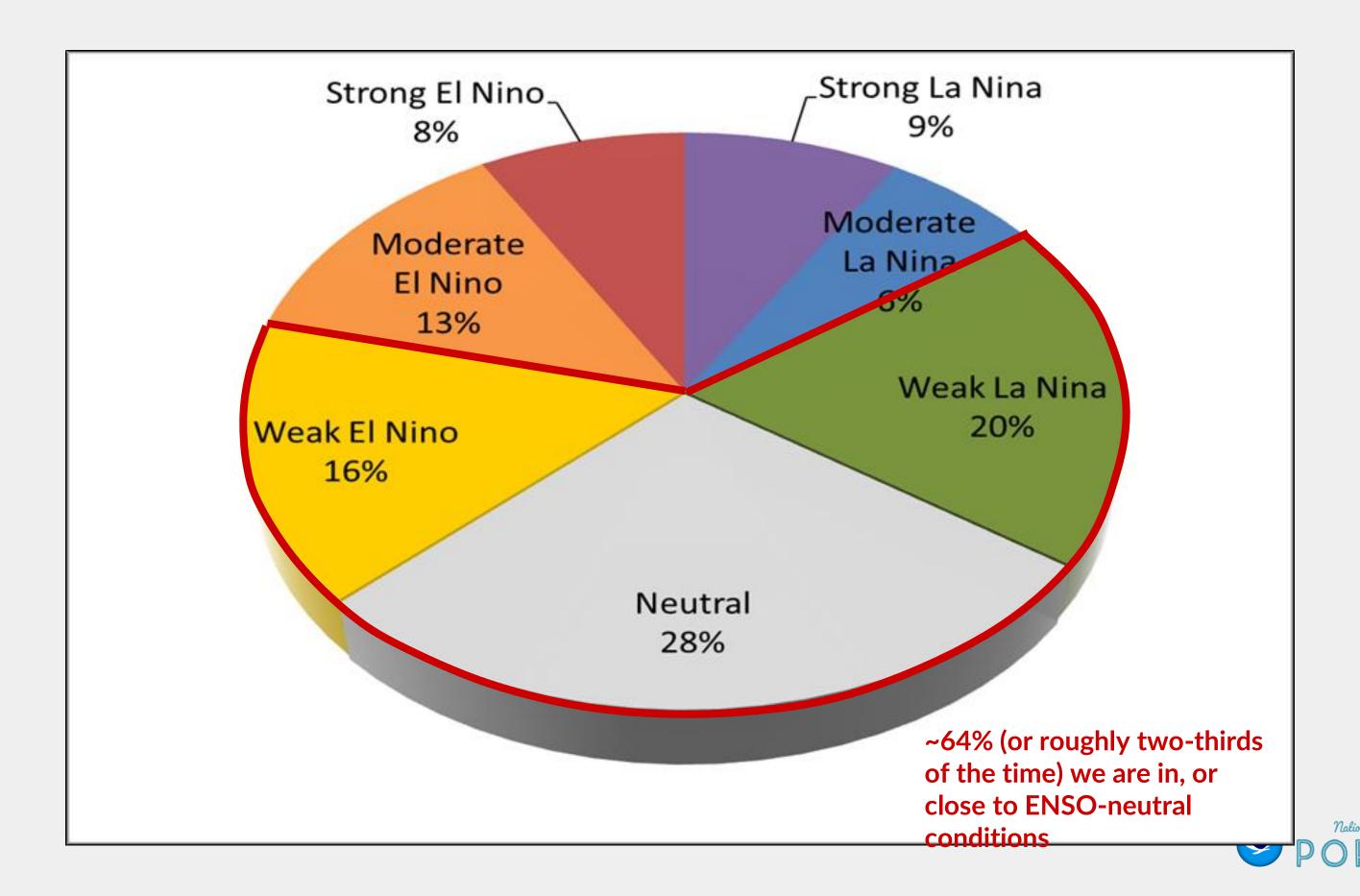


























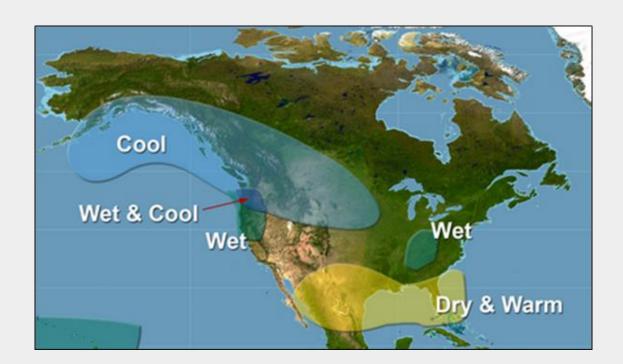
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IMPACTS OF ENSO ON WEATHER PATTERNS

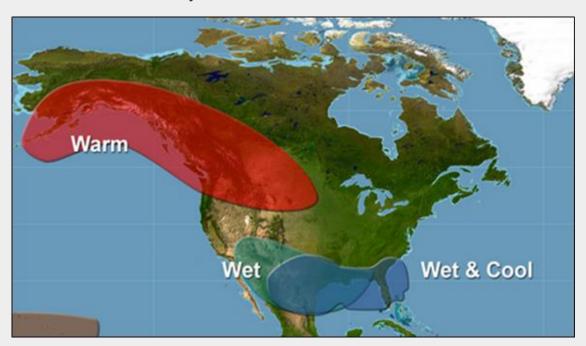
La Niña

El Niño

- Cooler than average waters in the tropical Pacific.
- Favors higher probabilities for cooler and wetter than normal conditions for the PNW (winter months).



- Warmer than average waters in the tropical Pacific
- Favors higher probabilities for warmer than normal temperatures with near-normal to below normal precipitation for the PNW (winter months).













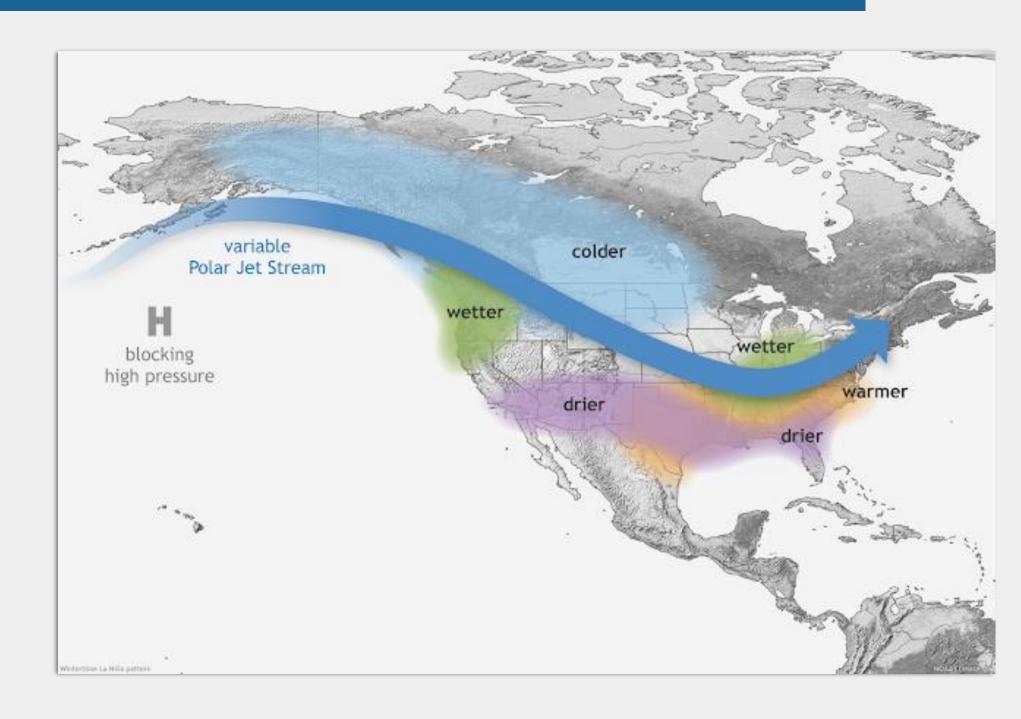






ENSO Alert System Status: La Niña Advisory

- La Niña conditions have developed as of mid-October 2021
- Equatorial sea surface temperatures (SSTs) are below average across much of the tropical Pacific Ocean.
- La Niña conditions are expected to persist for the Dec 2021 through
 Feb 2022 period with an ~87%
 degree of confidence.









Precipitation History during La Nina Years



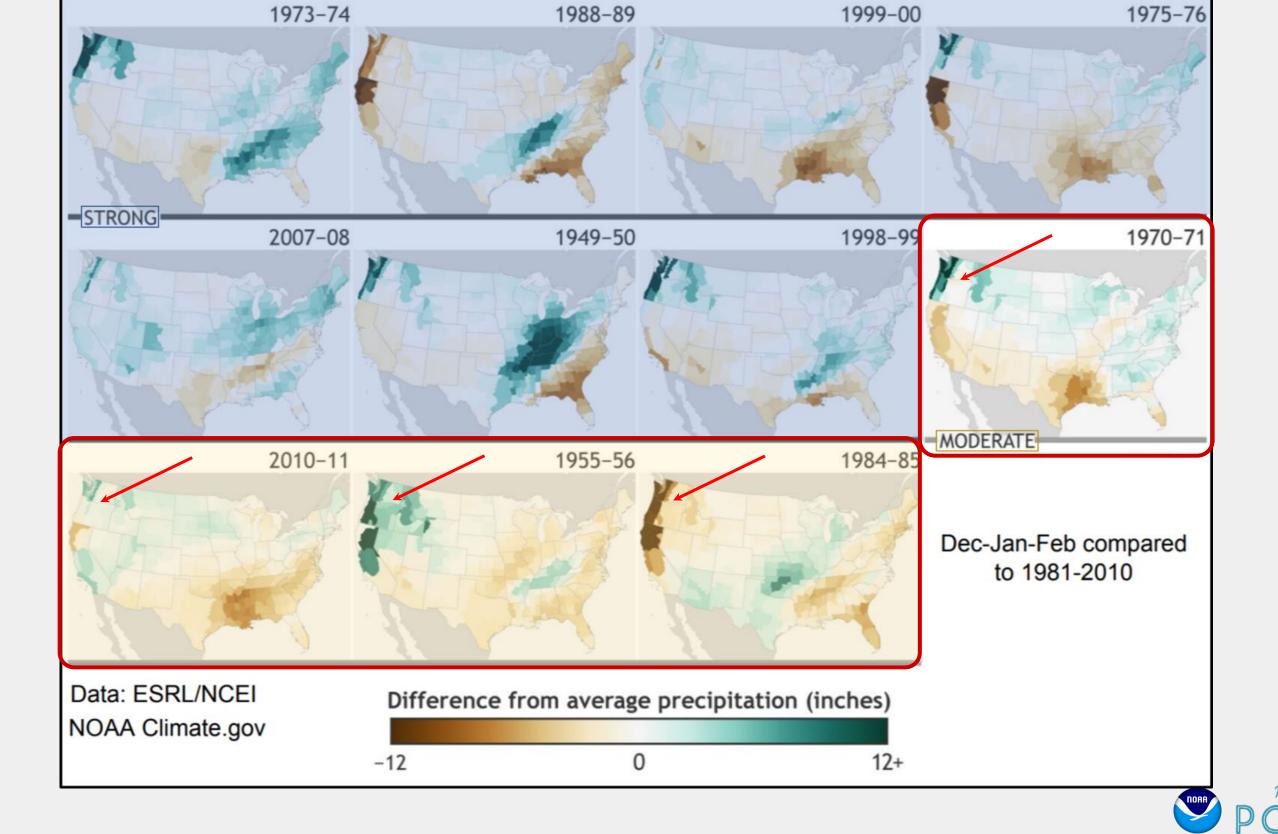
















ENSO IMPACTS ON SNOWPACK





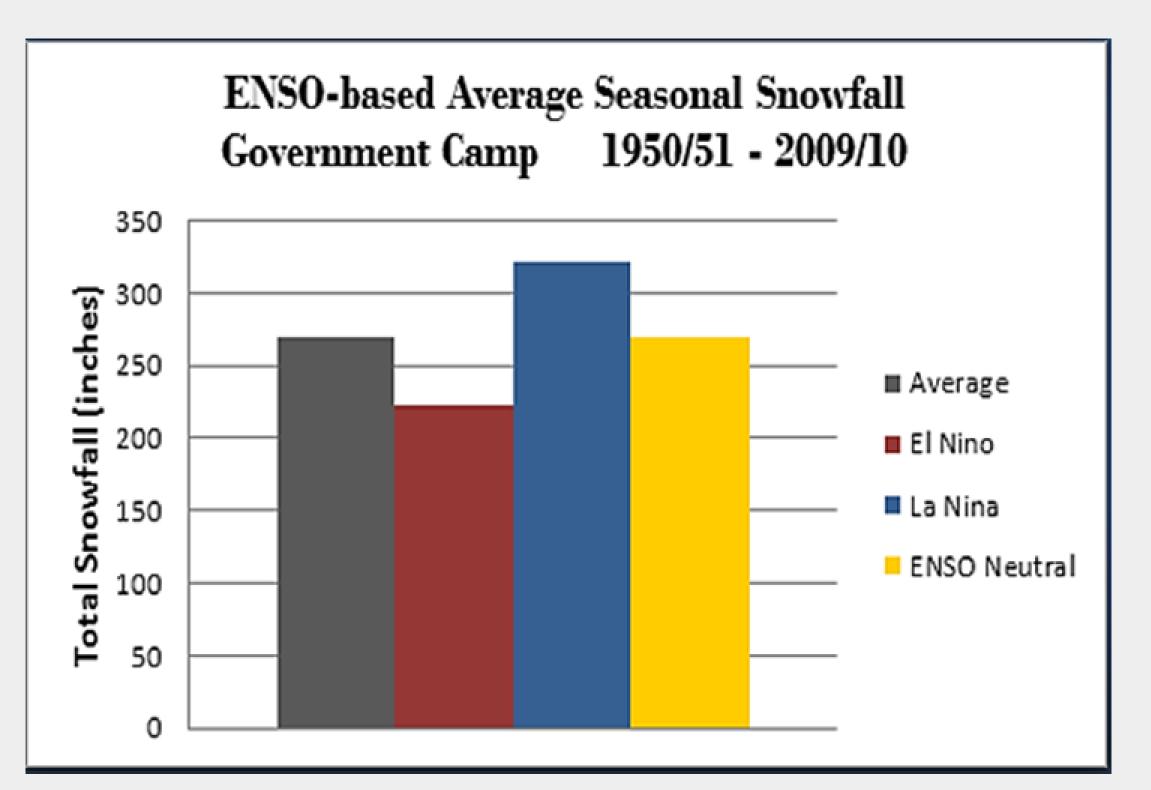








- Because ENSO impacts the amount of snowfall accumulation over the winter months, snowpack follows suit.
- On Average La Niña
 winters have a higher
 probability of producing
 above normal snowfall and
 snowpack in the Cascades









November to January Outlook











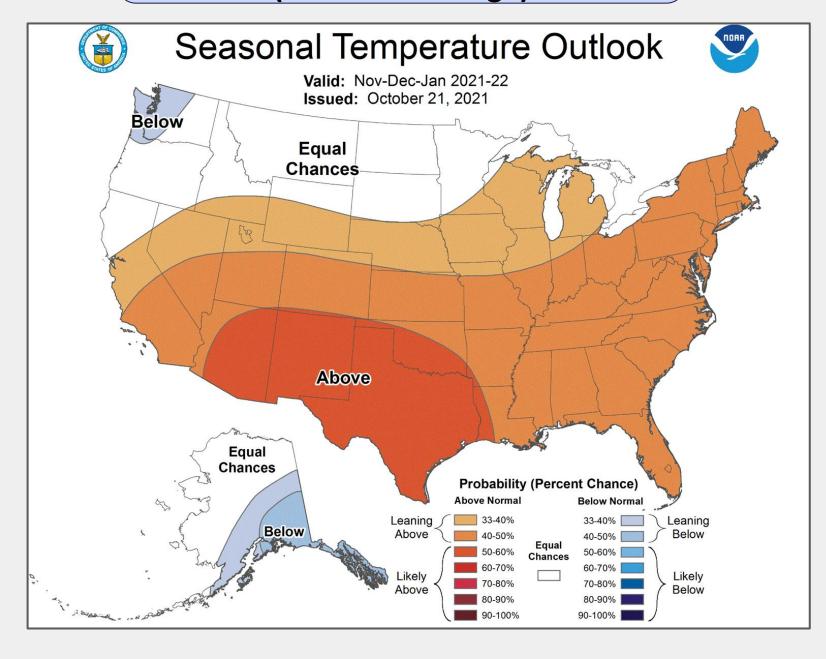


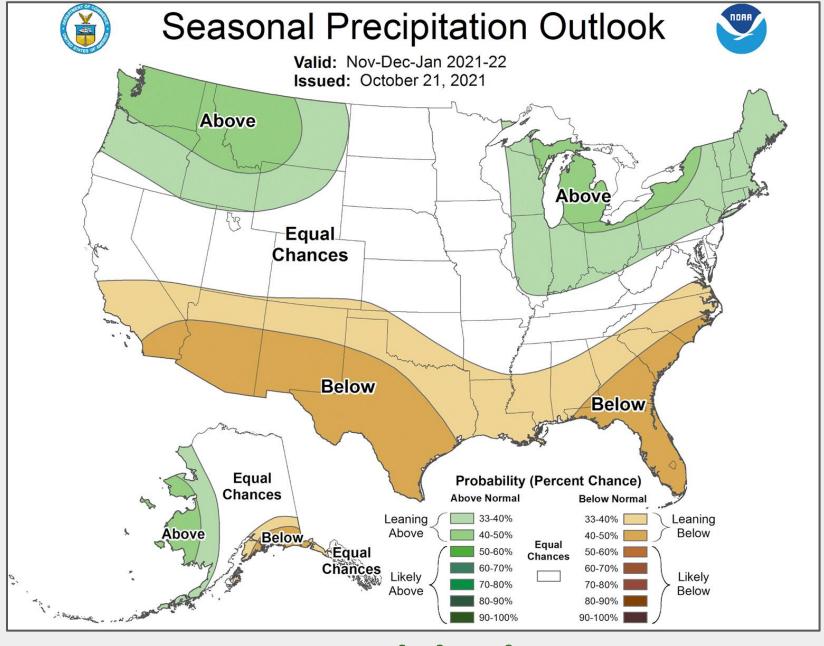




Temperatures

Slightly increased chances for Cooler than Normal Conditions (3-month average)





Precipitation

Increased chances for Wetter than Normal Conditions (3-month average)

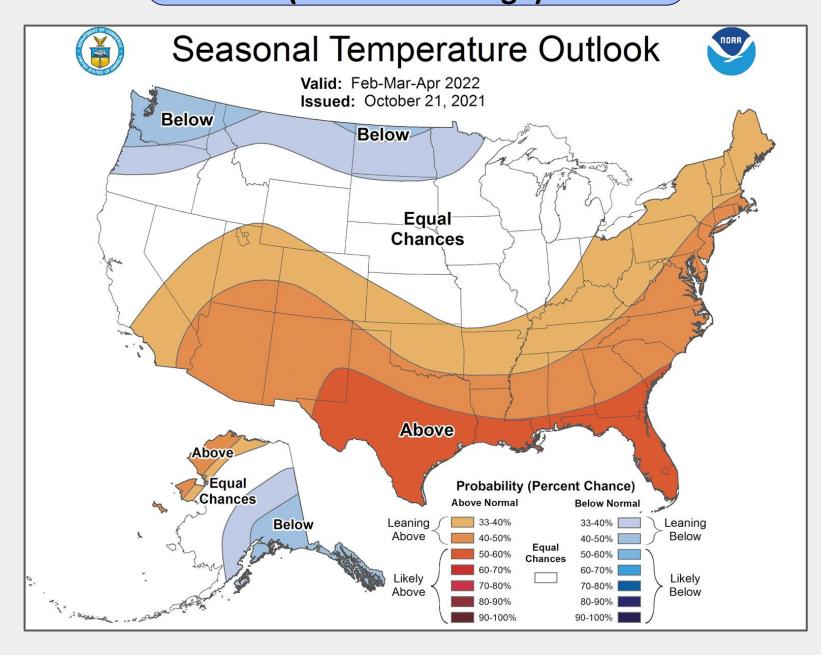


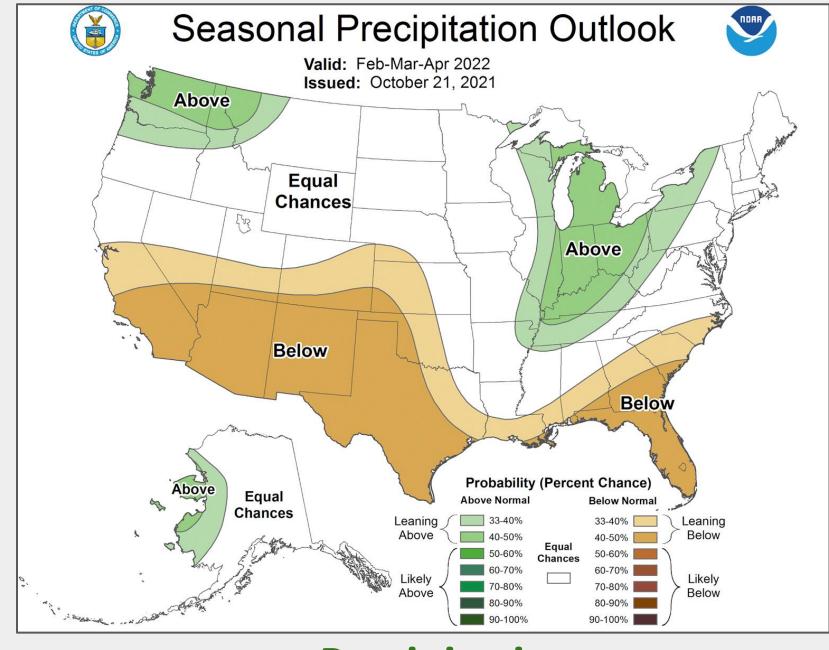


February to April Outlook

Temperatures

Increased chances for Cooler than Normal Conditions (3-month average)





Precipitation

Increased chances for **Wetter than Normal Conditions** (3-month average)







La Niña Brings Increased Surf & Marine Hazards



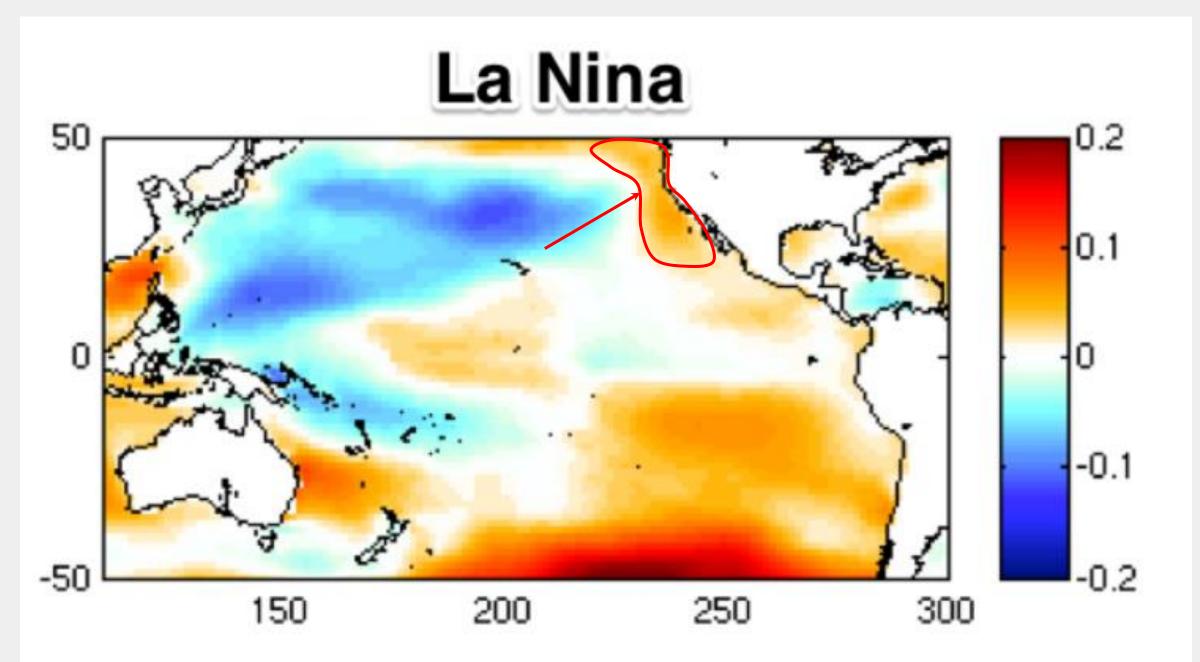














Mean Significant Wave Height departure from normal for La Niña events (from 2015)

Higher than normal wave heights for the west coast.

During 2020/21 Winter: NWS Portland issued 10 High Surf Advisories, 2 High Surf Warnings, and 7 Beach Hazard Statements from November 2020 through February 2021

















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Bottom Line

Climate predictions can have skill in predicting seasonal totals and averages.

However, most impacts are associated with short-duration storm systems.





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Get Involved With Preparedness

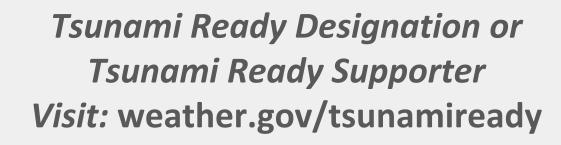


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"We can't stop extreme events from happening. But we surely can come together and find ways to make our societies more dynamically resilient in the face of those threats."

> NOAA Administrator Dr. Kathryn Sullivan American Meteorological Society Annual Meeting January 10, 2013

